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07, 1990 06, 1991 07, 1992 08, 1993 09, 1994 10, 1995 11, 1996 12, 1997 13, 1998 14, 1999 15, 2000 16, 2001 17, 2002 18, 2003 19, 2004 20, 2005 21, 2006 22, 2007 23, 2008 24, 2009 25, 2010 26, 2011 27, 2012 28, 2013 29, 2014 30, 2015 31, 2016 32, 2017 33, 2018 34, 2019 35, 2020 36, 2021 37, 2022 38, 2023 39, 2024 40, 2025 41, 2026 42, 2027 43, 2028 44, 2029 45, 2030 46, 2031 47, 2032 48, 2033 49, 2034 50, 2035 51, 2036 52, 2037 53, 2038 54, 2039 55, 2040 56, 2041 57, 2042 58, 2043 59, 2044 60, 2045 61, 2046 62, 2047 63, 2048 64, 2049 65, 2050 66, 2051 67, 2052 68, 2053 69, 2054 70, 2055 71, 2056 72, 2057 73, 2058 74, 2059 75, 2060 76, 2061 77, 2062 78, 2063 79, 2064 80, 2065 81, 2066 82, 2067 83, 2068 84, 2069 85, 2070 86, 2071 87, 2072 88, 2073 89, 2074 90, 2075 91, 2076 92, 2077 93, 2078 94, 2079 95, 2080 96, 2081 97, 2082 98, 2083 99, 2084 100, 2085 101, 2086 102, 2087 103, 2088 104, 2089 105, 2090 106, 2091 107, 2092 108, 2093 109, 2094 110, 2095 111, 2096 112, 2097 113, 2098 114, 2099 115, 2100 116, 2101 117, 2102 118, 2103 119, 2104 120, 2105 121, 2106 122, 2107 123, 2108 124, 2109 125, 2110 126, 2111 127, 2112 128, 2113 129, 2114 130, 2115 131, 2116 132, 2117 133, 2118 134, 2119 135, 2120 136, 2121 137, 2122 138, 2123 139, 2124 140, 2125 141, 2126 142, 2127 143, 2128 144, 2129 145, 2130 146, 2131 147, 2132 148, 2133 149, 2134 150, 2135 151, 2136 152, 2137 153, 2138 154, 2139 155, 2140 156, 2141 157, 2142 158, 2143 159, 2144 160, 2145 161, 2146 162, 2147 163, 2148 164, 2149 165, 2150 166, 2151 167, 2152 168, 2153 169, 2154 170, 2155 171, 2156 172, 2157 173, 2158 174, 2159 175, 2160 176, 2161 177, 2162 178, 2163 179, 2164 180, 2165 181, 2166 182, 2167 183, 2168 184, 2169 185, 2170 186, 2171 187, 2172 188, 2173 189, 2174 190, 2175 191, 2176 192, 2177 193, 2178 194, 2179 195, 2180 196, 2181 197, 2182 198, 2183 199, 2184 200, 2185 201, 2186 202, 2187 203, 2188 204, 2189 205, 2190 206, 2191 207, 2192 208, 2193 209, 2194 210, 2195 211, 2196 212, 2197 213, 2198 214, 2199 215, 2200 216, 2201 217, 2202 218, 2203 219, 2204 220, 2205 221, 2206 222, 2207 223, 2208 224, 2209 225, 2210 226, 2211 227, 2212 228, 2213 229, 2214 230, 2215 231, 2216 232, 2217 233, 2218 234, 2219 235, 2220 236, 2221 237, 2222 238, 2223 239, 2224 240, 2225 241, 2226 242, 2227 243, 2228 244, 2229 245, 2230 246, 2231 247, 2232 248, 2233 249, 2234 250, 2235 251, 2236 252, 2237 253, 2238 254, 2239 255, 2240 256, 2241 257, 2242 258, 2243 259, 2244 260, 2245 261, 2246 262, 2247 263, 2248 264, 2249 265, 2250 266, 2251 267, 2252 268, 2253 269, 2254 270, 2255 271, 2256 272, 2257 273, 2258 274, 2259 275, 2260 276, 2261 277, 2262 278, 2263 279, 2264 280, 2265 281, 2266 282, 2267 283, 2268 284, 2269 285, 2270 286, 2271 287, 2272 288, 2273 289, 2274 290, 2275 291, 2276 292, 2277 293, 2278 294, 2279 295, 2280 296, 2281 297, 2282 298, 2283 299, 2284 300, 2285 301, 2286 302, 2287 303, 2288 304, 2289 305, 2290 306, 2291 307, 2292 308, 2293 309, 2294 310, 2295 311, 2296 312, 2297 313, 2298 314, 2299 315, 2300 316, 2301 317, 2302 318, 2303 319, 2304 320, 2305 321, 2306 322, 2307 323, 2308 324, 2309 325, 2310 326, 2311 327, 2312 328, 2313 329, 2314 330, 2315 331, 2316 332, 2317 333, 2318 334, 2319 335, 2320 336, 2321 337, 2322 338, 2323 339, 2324 340, 2325 341, 2326 342, 2327 343, 2328 344, 2329 345, 2330 346, 2331 347, 2332 348, 2333 349, 2334 350, 2335 351, 2336 352, 2337 353, 2338 354, 2339 355, 2340 356, 2341 357, 2342 358, 2343 359, 2344 360, 2345 361, 2346 362, 2347 363, 2348 364, 2349 365, 2350 366, 2351 367, 2352 368, 2353 369, 2354 370, 2355 371, 2356 372, 2357 373, 2358 374, 2359 375, 2360 376, 2361 377, 2362 378, 2363 379, 2364 380, 2365 381, 2366 382, 2367 383, 2368 384, 2369 385, 2370 386, 2371 387, 2372 388, 2373 389, 2374 390, 2375 391, 2376 392, 2377 393, 2378 394, 2379 395, 2380 396, 2381 397, 2382 398, 2383 399, 2384 400, 2385 401, 2386 402, 2387 403, 2388 404, 2389 405, 2390 406, 2391 407, 2392 408, 2393 409, 2394 410, 2395 411, 2396 412, 2397 413, 2398 414, 2399 415, 2400 416, 2401 417, 2402 418, 2403 419, 2404 420, 2405 421, 2406 422, 2407 423, 2408 4

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3-25-92

☒ This application has been examined ☒ Responsive to communication filed on 12/27/82/1/17/82 ☐ This action is made final.

A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 month(s), 0 days from the date of this letter. Failure to respond within the period for response will cause the application to become abandoned. 35 U.S.C. 133

Part I THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENT(S) ARE PART OF THIS ACTION:

1. ☒ Notice of References Cited by Examiner, PTO-892. 2. ☒ Notice re Patent Drawing, PTO-948.
3. ☐ Notice of Art Cited by Applicant, PTO-1449. 4. ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, Form PTO 152
5. ☒ Information on How to Effect Drawing Changes, PTO-1474. 6. ☐ _____

Part II SUMMARY OF ACTION

1. ☒ Claims 1-76 are pending in the application.
Of the above, claims 67-76 are withdrawn from consideration.
2. ☐ Claims _____ have been cancelled.
3. ☐ Claims _____ are allowed.
4. ☒ Claims 1-66 are rejected.
5. ☐ Claims _____ are objected to.
6. ☐ Claims _____ are subject to restriction or election requirement.
7. ☒ This application has been filed with informal drawings under 37 C.F.R. 1.85 which are acceptable for examination purposes.
8. ☐ Formal drawings are required in response to this Office action.
9. ☐ The corrected or substitute drawings have been received on _____. Under 37 C.F.R. 1.84 those drawings are ☐ acceptable; ☐ not acceptable (see explanation or Notice re Patent Drawing, PTO-948).
10. ☐ The proposed additional or substitute sheet(s) of drawings, filed on _____, has (have) been ☐ approved by the examiner; ☐ disapproved by the examiner (see explanation).
11. ☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed _____, has been ☐ approved; ☐ disapproved (see explanation).
12. ☐ Acknowledgement is made of the claim for priority under U.S.C. 119. The certified copy has ☐ been received ☐ not been received ☐ been filed in parent application, serial no. _____; filed on _____.
13. ☐ Since this application appears to be in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
14. ☐ Other _____

EXAMINER'S ACTION

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15. Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1-62 in Paper No. 9 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that;

5 A) The method of group II, claims 63-66 is the same as that of group I, this argument was found persuasive and claims 63-66 have been examined in the instant application,

10 Further, applicants traversal continues,

15 B) That the assay of group III, claims 67-76, relies on the ability of the ligand to be recognized by the target receptor, which is an inherent property of the CD28 receptor. This is not found persuasive because these claims are directed to an assay. An assay clearly differs from a method of regulating in that it is used as a detection method. The mechanism may be inherent but the process steps differ, thus requiring not only a different search but also different considerations regarding patentability.

20 The requirement is deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL. Claims 1-66 were examined

25 16. Applicant is encouraged to file an Information Disclosure Statement including (1) a form PTO-1449, "Information Disclosure Citation" listing patents, publications and other information material to the instant application, (2) a concise explanation of the relevance of each listed item and (3) a copy of each listed item. See 37 C.F.R. 1.97 through 1.99 and MPEP 609 and 2001.06 through 2004 for further guidance.

30 17. 35 U.S.C. § 101 reads as follows:
 "Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefore, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title".

35 18. Claims 1-66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101 because the specification fails to adequately teach how to use the claimed B7 antigen protein/fusion protein, CD28 protein/fusion protein and monoclonal antibodies, in compositions to achieve an in-vivo therapeutic, effective as a method for regulating T cell responses. Particularly in regulating T-cell responses, treating cancer, lymphoma, leukemia and graft versus host disease. Applicants claims are supported only by in-vitro data. Applicant has made no showing that the data correlate with utility for in-vivo therapy in humans. Further, in-vitro data such as that reported in the specification and animal model studies frequently do not correlate with clinical utility in in-vivo trails in

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patients. Based on the evidence of record, the alleged utility of the claimed compositions for the regulation of T cell responses would not be believable on its face to the person of skill in the art in view of the contemporary knowledge in the art. Applicant has not provided any showing of therapeutic utility of the subject compositions which would lead one of skill in the art to believe that the antibodies are broadly applicable for the regulation of T cell responses in humans. See MPEP 608.01(p).

19. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

20. The specification is objected to under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as failing to provide an adequate written description of the invention and failing to adequately teach how to make and/or use the invention, i.e. failing to provide an enabling disclosure.

A) Applicants have not disclosed to one of ordinary skill in the art how to use the protein as a pharmaceutical or therapeutic agent. There is an insufficient written description of the invention with respect to the in-vivo operability of the protein to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to use applicant's invention, for the reasons discussed in detail in the previous rejection made under 35 U.S.C. § 101. Furthermore, applicant has provided no teaching or guidance indicating what dosages are required and what way(s) the protein can be administered (see Ex parte Powers, 220 U.S.P.Q. 924 (Bd. Pat. App. & Int. 1982)) or otherwise used in a practical manner. It would, therefore, require undue experimentation of one of ordinary skill in the art to determine how to use the claimed protein for the reasons previously discussed. See Ex parte Forman, 230 U.S.P.Q. 546 (Bd. Pat. App. & Int. 1986).

B) Applicants referral to the deposits on page 13, lines 7-11, B7Ig fusion and lines 19-22, CD28Ig fusion respectively are insufficient assurance that all required deposits have been made and all the conditions of MPEP 608.01(p)(c) met. Further the deposits of the monoclonal antibodies which recognize these proteins is required. Therefore the following are required;

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- (1) A statement confirming the deposit of the fusion protein transformants and hybridoma cell lines which produce the antibodies which recognize the fusion proteins,
- (2) A copy of the contract with the depository,
- (3) Amendment of the specification to recite the complete name and street address of the depository,
- (4) An averment from the attorney having authority and control over the conditions of deposit or signed by assignee, or all applicants, affirming compliance with the regulations of MPEP 608.01(p).

Applicants attention is directed to MPEP 608.01(p)(c), and deposit rules 1106 OG 37-54, for further information concerning deposit practice.

21. Claims 1-66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, for the reasons set forth in the objection to the specification.

22. Claims 1-66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as the disclosure is enabling only for claims limited in-vitro regulation of T cell responses. See M.P.E.P. §§ 706.03(n) and 706.03(z).

~~23.~~ Claims 15, 16 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

A) Claims 15 and 16 are indefinite in the recitation of the term "anti-CD". It is unclear what the term "anti-CD" refers to. "anti-CD" is a non-descriptive term. It may represent a particular CD# antigen however the exact antigen is unknown. If "anti-CD" refers to a particular CD# antibody the exact antigens must be incorporated into the claim language. For example anti-CD3 antibody. The claim is required to be amended to definitively identify the subject matter being claimed. Applicant is reminded that the amendment must point to a basis in the specification so as not to add any new matter.

B) Claim 21 is indefinite in the use of the period after antigen, see second line of the claim. It is unclear whether the claim was intended to end with this period or include the third line. The claim is required to be amended to clarify this issue.

24. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under

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this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

and;

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

25. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

26. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. § 103, the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of potential 35 U.S.C. § 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

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Martin

27. Claims 1, 15, 16, 35-40, ~~43-45~~, ⁵¹~~50~~-52, 55, 56, ~~58~~, 59, 60, 63, and 66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as obvious over Damle, et. al. Damle, et. al., teach that the CD28 molecule is expressed on the surface of a majority of human T cells and has been implicated to play an active role in the regulation of T cell growth, see abstract. They use an anti-CD28 singly and in combination with anti-CD3 antibodies to show its effect on T-cell stimulation and cytokine induction, see abstract and page 1753, column 2, lines 33-46. This antibody would therefore inherently inhibit, claim 55, or stimulate, claim 56, functional T cell responses, including the production of cytokines, which include interleukins, interferons, transforming growth factors, TNF and CSF. Damle, et. al., incorporate by reference the teachings of Martin, et. al., see reference 29. Martin, et. al., teach the monoclonal antibody 9.3. Therefore the monoclonal antibody will inherently recognize the CD28 receptor as a membrane protein or as a soluble fusion protein. Methods of producing proteolytic antibody fragments were well known in the art at the time the invention was made. It is clear in the art that antibodies to cell adhesion molecules can inhibit T cell activation and therefore are potentially important in treating immune system diseases, including, cancers such as T cell leukemias, and graft versus host disease. The drug cyclosporine was well known as an immunosuppressant prior to the date of the applicants invention.

28. Claims 1-66 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being obvious over copending application Serial No. 07/547980.

*Not
Abandoned*

Copending application Serial No. 07/547980 has a common inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the copending application, it would constitute prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) if patented. This provisional rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103 is based upon a presumption of future patenting of the conflicting application.

35 This provisional rejection might be overcome either by a showing under 37 C.F.R. § 1.132 that any unclaimed invention disclosed in the copending application was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another", or by a showing of a date of invention prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the copending application under 37 C.F.R. § 1.131.

*Not
Abandoned*

29. Claims 1-66 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1-29 of copending application Serial No. 07/547,980. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they each are directed to a method of regulating T cell responses by modulating the interaction between CD28 and the B7 antigen.

50 This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting

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rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

30. The obviousness-type double patenting rejection is a judicially established doctrine based upon public policy and is primarily intended to prevent prolongation of the patent term by prohibiting claims in a second patent not patentably distinct from claims in a first patent. In re Vogel, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970). A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.321(b) would overcome an actual or provisional rejection on this ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(d).

31. Claims 1, 15, 16, 35-40, ~~41-44~~, 50-52, 55, 56, 58, 59, 60, 63, and 66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Damle, et. al. Damle, et. al., teach that the CD28 molecule is expressed on the surface of a majority of human T cells and has been implicated to play an active role in the regulation of T cell growth, see abstract. They use an anti-CD28 singly and in combination with anti-CD3 antibodies to show its effect on T-cell stimulation and cytokine induction, see abstract and page 1753, column 2, lines 33-46. Damle, et. al., incorporate by reference the teachings of Martin, et. al., see reference 29. Martin, et. al., teach the monoclonal antibody 9.3. Damle, et. al., do not specifically teach the use of the antibody in a method of regulating T cell responses. However, since the antibody is the same as that of Martin, et. al., and in considering the contemporary knowledge in the art at the time the invention was made it would have been prima facie obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use the CD28 antibody as a method of regulating T cell responses. This antibody would inherently inhibit, claim 55, or stimulate, claim 56, functional T cell responses, including the production of cytokines, which include interleukins, interferone, transforming growth factors, TNF and CSF. The monoclonal antibody will inherently recognize the CD28 receptor as a membrane protein or as a soluble fusion protein. Methods of producing proteolytic antibody fragments were well known in the art at the time the invention was made. It is clear in the art that antibodies to cell adhesion molecules can inhibit T cell activation and therefore are potentially important in treating immune system diseases, including, cancers such as T cell leukemias, and graft versus host disease. The drug cyclosporine was well known as an immunosuppressant prior to the date of the applicants invention.

32. Art made of record but not relied upon are as follows.

A) Freeman, et. al., J. Immunology 139:3260-3267, 1987. This reference teaches that B7 is expressed on a subpopulation of B lymphocytes and a B7 monoclonal antibody, see page 3262, column

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1, lines 27-31. This reference however does not teach the CD28 molecule as a receptor for the B7 antigen. Further the reference does not suggest the use of the antibody as a method of regulating T cell responses.

5 B) Freeman, et. al., J. Immunology 143:2714-2722, 1989. This reference teaches the molecular cloning and sequencing of the B7 antigen. This reference however does not teach the CD28 molecule as a receptor for the B7 antigen or the use of the B7 molecule in a method of regulating T cell responses.

10 C) Martin, et. al., J. Immunology 136:3282-3287, 1986. This reference teaches the CD28 antibody 9.3, see abstract.

33. No claims are allowed.

15 34. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 180 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Group 180 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The CM1 Fax
20 Center telephone number is (703) 308-4227.

25 35. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Donald E. Adams whose telephone number is (703) 308-3997. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 180 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

March 18, 1992

30 Donald E. Adams, Ph.D. *Den*

John J. Doll
JOHN J. DOLL
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
GROUP 180